(XXXI YEAR.) THE (April 5, 1775.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1775.

LONDON.

King's Arms Tavern, Cornhill, June 7.

AT a ſpecial meeting this day of ſeveral members of the conſtitutional ſociety, during an adjournment, a gentleman propoſed that a ſubſcription ſhould be immediately entered into by ſuch of the members preſent who might approve the purpoſe, for raiſing the ſum of one hundred pounds to be applied to the relief of the widows, orphans, and aged parents of our beloved American fellow-ſubjects, who, faithful to the character of Engliſhmen, preferring death to ſlavery, were, for that reaſon only, inhumanly murdered by the King's troops, at or near Lexington and Concord, in the province of Maſſachuſetts on the 19th of laſt April.

Which ſum being immediately collected, it was thereupon reſolved,

That Mr. Horne do pay to-morrow into the hands of Meſſ. Brownes and Colliſon, on the account of Dr. Franklin the ſaid ſum of one hundred pounds; and that Dr. Franklin be requeſted to apply the ſame to the abovementioned purpoſe.

We hear that Lord Percy has ſent home a ſcalp of a very ſingular kind, by way of trophy, to ſhew that he is not ſo much afraid of buſh-fighting as the ladies in general have ſuppoſed him to be.

"To drive the deer with hound and horn,
Earl Percy took his way, &c."

The miniſtry begin to tremble at the approaching civil war in the colonies. They were in hopes, however ſturdy the Boſtonians might appear at firſt, they would yield to the reſolutions of the privy-council confirmed by parliament, and enforced by an army of regulars; and however diſagreeable the meaſures were, they were in hopes to have carried the favourable point for their maſter the thane, without any ſerious conſequences.---They are now ſenſible of their error, and heartily wish themſelves out of the ſcrape; but the cot-h leader finds himſelf reduced to the alternative of puſhing the buſineſs to the utmoſt extremity of all hazards, or ſubmittin to his own downfal. The heads of the Americans muſt be taken from their ſhoulders, or his may be fixed upon Temple-bar.

By advices from ſeveral provinces of America, we learn, that it was determined, that one man in ten ſhould be ſent to oppoſe the regulars in their unjuſt attempts to enſlave the colonies. Such was the ſpirit of the people in every diſtrict, that all of them unanimouſly inſiſted on ſetting out immediately to fight the enemy. It was with much ado that the more prudent people could prevent whole provinces from being entirel deſolated and unpeopled, as the inhabitants all roſe like one man, and called out to be led on againſt the common enemy.

CAMBRIDGE, *October* 12.

Laſt Tueſday one of our privateers from Beverly, having been on a cruiſe in the bay, was followed, on her return into port, by the Nautilus man of war. The privateer run aground in a cove a little without Beverly harbour, where the people ſpeedily aſſembled, ſtripped her, and carried her guns, &c. aſhore. The man of war was ſoon within gun-ſhot, when ſhe alſo got aground; ſhe however let go an anchor, and bringing her broadſide to bear, began to fire upon the privateer. The people of Salem and Beverly ſoon returned the compliment from a number of cannon on ſhore, keeping up a warm and well directed fire on the man of wa for two or three hours, and it is ſuppoſed did her conſiderable damage, and probably killed and wounded ſome f her men; but before they could board her, which they were preparing to do, the tide aroſe about 8 in the evening, when ſhe cut her cable and got off. Some of her ſhot ſtruck one or two buildings in Beverly, but no lives were loſt on our ſide, and the privateer damaged very little, if any.

No expreſs is yet arrived here with an account of the taking of Montreal.

NEW-LONDON, *Oct.* 13.

Extract of a letter from the maſter of a tranſport in the Spaniſh ſervice, to a gentleman in this town, dated Alicant, July 28, 1775.

"We have made one attempt upon Algiers with our formidable fleet of near 400 ſail, compoſed of all nations, and came off unſucceſsful, having loſt 7225 killed and wounded. Although the army behaved very well, yet the fleet acted as Spaniards always do---never went within two miles of the batteries (except ſome frigates and xebecks that went to cover the army in landing, who went within half a mile of the ſhore, trimmed their trees for them, and did little elſe.) The army was on ſhore near twenty hours (ſome of them) where they got a warm reception, and was glad to get off with the loſs of ſix field pieces and a deal of other ſtuff. The next day the Algerines diverted themſelves by burning the faſcine batteries and the dead bodies that were left behind. There is ſome talk of making another attempt; if they take up with my advice they will ſtop this ſeaſon."

Extract of a letter from the maſter of another veſſel in the ſame ſervice, to a gentleman here, dated Alicant, July 29, 1775.

"The fleet which I now belong to was defeated at Algiers. The navy ſuffered very little, as they took care to keep out of ſhot, but the army ſuffered much. They landed under the command of Gen. O'Reiley, the 8th inſt. in the morning, about four miles diſtant from the town of Algiers, and had a very warm reception from the Turks, both horſe and infantry. The battle laſted from four in the morning until twelve at night, at which time the Spaniſh army was obliged to reimbark: The loſs on both ſides was very conſiderable: By the beſt intelligence we can get from the Spaniſh army, the killed and wounded amount to 7500 paniards. The action on both ſides was vigorous, but our troops loſt the day. The Spaniſh army amounted to 20,000 men; as to the Turks we cannot give you an account of the number, but by what I ſaw, I rather think their number was ſuperior to ours. The day after the battle, in the preſence of our fleet, the Turks cut of the heads of the dead Spaniſh troops, and burnt their carcaſes. We arrived at this place after a paſſage of three days. Spain is in great confuſion on account of their ill ſucceſs, &c.

A letter from a merchant at Alicant to a gentleman in this town, dated July 25th, ſays,--Another expedition is talked of at all events."

NEW-YORK, *October* 26.

By accounts from England, brought in his majeſty's ſhip Cerberus, arrived at Boſton, we are informed, that Admiral Molineux Shuldham is ordered to Boſton, with a fleet conſiſting of three ſhips of war of fifty, two of forty, three of thirty-two, two of twenty eight guns, two ſloops and a bomb veſſel; and we are aſſured, that letters are received at Boſton, which afford great reaſon to hope a reconciliation will take place between Great-Britain and her colonies. General Gage had ſailed for England.

We hear that the fleet which left Boſton ſome time ago, conſiſted of a number of veſſels, bound to different ports, and was not deſtined for any particular port.

Laſt Tueſday a French brigantine from Cape François, which had ſprung a leak at ſea, came into this port to repair.

Thurſday laſt the Harriot packet, capt. Lee, ſailed with the mail for Falmouth. In the packet were the following paſſengers, viz. Lloyd Dennis, Eſq; and his lady; the hon. Samuel Cornell, Eſq; major Etherington, capt. Kelly, Dr. George Stewart, Mr. William Stewart, Mr. George Digges, Mr. Edmand Brice, and Mr. Samuel Child.

His majeſty's ſloop of war, the Viper, capt. Graves, ſailed for Boſton the ſame day, and from Sandy-Hook on Saturday, and carried with him the brig Harmony, capt. Fois, from Coracoa, with ſalt, belonging to Mr. Nixon, of this port; the brig ——, capt. Lightburn, from Bermuda, loaded with ſalt likewiſe, belonging to Mr. William Malcolm, &c. a new veſſel, Bermuda built, and this her firſt voyage; and the ſloop Polly, capt. Barns, from Antigua, loaded with ſugar and molaſſes, belonging to Meſſrs. Mott and Bowne, and the cargo to Mr. William Currie. They were all ſeized between this and Sandy-Hook.

The following letters were omitted in our laſt.

"Committee-chamber, New-York, Oct. 13.

"SIR,

"THE committee have taken into conſideration the letter your worſhip received from his excellency governor Tryon, of this date. From unqueſtionable authority they are aſſured, that the provincial congreſs have received no order or recommendation to ſeize his excellency's perſon, or the perſons of any of the other officers of this government.

"It is with pleaſure, ſir, we can aſſure you, as far as we can judge, that his excellency's conduct has given general ſatisfaction to our fellow-citizens, and conſiding in his friendly diſpoſitions towards the inhabitants of this colony, it is our earneſt wiſh that he will continue to reſide among us.

"I am, with much reſpect,
"Your worſhip's obedient
"And very humble ſervant,
"(By order of the general committee)
HENRY REMSEN, chairman.

"Whitehead Hicks, Eſq; mayor
"of the city of New-York."

On board the Halifax packet, Oct. 19.

SIR,

"FINDING your letter of yeſterday inſufficient for the ſecurity I requeſted from the corporation and citizens, and objectionable for the mode in which you obtained the ſenſe of the inhabitants, my duty directed me, for the preſent inſtant, to remove on board this ſhip; where I ſhall be ready to do ſuch buſineſs of the country as the ſituation of the times will permit. The citizens, as well as the inhabitants, of the province, may be aſſured of my inclination to embrace every means in my power to reſtore the peace, good order and authority of government.

"I am, Sir,
"Your moſt obedient ſervant,
"WILLIAM TRYON.

"Whitehead Hicks, Eſq; mayor
"of the city of New-York."

Oct. 23. On the 12th inſtant arrived here on his return from the Provincial camp at Cambridge, and on the 18th departed this life of a fever, in the 28th year of his age, Michael Creſſop, Eſq; eldeſt ſon of col. Thomas Creſſop, of Patowmack, in Virginia: He was captain of a rifle company now in the continental army before Boſton. He ſerved as a captain under the command of lord Dunmore, in the late expedition againſt the Indians, in which he eminently diſtinguiſhed himſelf by his prudence, firmneſs and intrepidity, as a brave officer; and in the preſent contest between the parent ſtate and the colonies, gave proofs of his attachment to the rights and liberties of his country. He has left a widow and four children to deplore the loſs of a huſband and a father; and by his death his country is deprived of a worthy and eſteemed citizen.

His remains were interr'd the day following, in Trinity-church-yard, with military honours, attended by a vaſt concourſe of people.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 23.

By an expreſs arrived at Hartford, on the 8th inſt. from Ticonderoga, we have certain intelligence that our people are in poſſeſſion of Montreal; that they have taken a quantity of proviſions going to the enemy at St. John's; intercepted a letter from the commander of the fort to general Carleton, informing him that he had not more than three weeks proviſion, and muſt ſpeedily give up, unleſs ſome relief could be had. We are further adviſed, that our people had intrenched near the fort, were about to attack it, and that articles of capitulation had been propoſed by the enemy, but rejected by general Montgomery.

Extract of a letter from Mancheſter, July 29.

"General Burgoyne has an uncle that lives in this place, and he received a letter from him laſt Sunday. He writes that the Americans are exceeding obſtinate, and their numbers incredible, and that he thinks them invincible---Says Howe uſed many arguments with general Gage to prevail on him to permit him to go out to fight the provincials, but he gave him ſuch ſubſtantial reaſons againſt it that it dropped. He alſo writes that a great miſtake had been made at the war-office, having ſent the cannon without carriages. This was communicated to me by a perſon who heard the letter read."

We hear from Canada, that the lieutenant governor who commands at Quebec during the abſence of Carleton, has about 1000 Canadians embodied, but they are ſo ſtrongly ſuſpected that it is thought prudent not to truſt them with a larger quantity of ammunition than four rounds.

Laſt Sunday died of an apoplectic ſtroke, in the 53d year of his age, the honourable Peyton Randolph, Eſq; of Virginia, late preſident of the continental congreſs, and ſpeaker of the houſe of burgeſſes of Virginia; a gentleman who poſſeſſed the virtues of humanity in an eminent degree, and joining with them the ſoundeſt judgment, was the delight of his friends in private life, and a moſt valuable member of ſociety, having long filled, and with great ability and integrity diſcharged the moſt honourable public truſts.---To the truth of this, his family, his friends, and his country bear mournful teſtimony.

And yeſterday afternoon his remains were removed from Mr. Benjamin Randolph's, to Chriſt church, where an excellent ſermon on the mournful occaſion, was preached by the Rev. Mr. Duché, after which, the corpſe was carried to the burial ground and depoſited in a vault till it can be conveyed to Virginia.

Extract of a letter from Montreal, September 26.

"I wiſh it was poſſible for me to give you an exact account of what is doing at St. John's, all the avenues for truth being ſhut by government; at one time we are told that the provincials are at Iſle Aux Noix, at another time, that they are landed near St. John's; ſometime ſince we are told that about eighty Indians had drove off twelve hundred provincials from a place where they had landed about one mile and a half from St. John's; immediately after that report was ſpread, out comes another that 1500 were intrenched oppoſite to St. John's: it is now reported that about 200 that were intrenching themſelves between St. John's and Chamblie, with a view to cut off the communication were beat off by the troops, that ſome priſoners were made, who were aſked what induced them to make ſuch an attempt with ſo few men, they anſwered that they were made to believe that they would be joined by 2000 Canadians. It is ſaid that capt. Hazen and Mr. Tucker, formerly in the army, had joined the provincials, and were amongſt the priſoners; it is likewiſe reported that general Schuyler ſent circular letters unto the pariſhes on the ſouth ſhore. You will be able to pick out the truth from the above, if any there be. We have here and at Sorell four armed veſſels, one of which is the armed brigantine Gaſpee, the other veſſels belonging to Quebec. The Engliſh and French mount guard regularly, I doubt its continuing. It is very certain that the inhabitants on the river Chamblie have abſolutely refuſed to take arms againſt the Provincials, which may be looked on as the ſentiments of the greateſt part of the Canadians."

Extract of a letter from Quebec, dated September 18.

"The 17th inſtant, at the requeſt of the lieutenant governor, the Britiſh and Canadian inhabitants aſſembled on the parade, the latter were formed into 11 companies, the former into 6. The Britiſh and Canadian militia for this place will conſiſt of about 1100 men, many of whom neglect, and others think the duty hard, and the greater part are diſſatisfied with the conduct of government, as every day convinces them that they are deceived. The ſnow Fell, of Whitbay, is taken into government ſervice, to be commanded by capt. Napier, it is ſaid ſhe is to carry eighteen ſix and nine pounders; the ſhip Charlotte, belonging to Mr. Roach, of Rhode-Iſland; likewiſe a ſloop and ſchooner of this place, can't inform you what force they will carry; they have alſo a ſmall veſſel that is ſent expreſs to Boſton. Our militia mount guard from nine to nine in the morning; as yet they have not received any ammunition, except four rounds in the evening, which gives reaſon to believe that government is afraid to truſt them with a larger quantity. The public in general are diſſatisfied with government, for not letting them know the true ſtate of the province, which may be ſuppoſ-

TEN

WINT[illegible] it is remembered, from the governess
[illegible]ber, [illegible] England, she has taken her passage
[illegible]n, viz [illegible] capt. Deane, who is to sail on Fri-
[illegible]day, ab[illegible]e are many other ladies, who are pre-
[illegible]ave the province; likewise some men, who
has a re[illegible]sons that their conduct does not deserve civil
bl[illegible]ck ha[illegible]ious that their conduct does not deserve civil
over[illegible]ct from the provincials, should they come into
[illegible] province. It is currently reported here, that Mr.
[illegible]Livingston and Jerry Dugan, had raised 150 Canadi-
ans, the former with the title of lieut. colonel, the latter
with that of major, who were near taking lord Pitt
and general Carleton on the river Chamblie. Govern-
ment reports that on general Carleton's publishing a
pardon for those, that should come in at a certain time,
that a greater part of them had abandoned their of-
ficers."

We are assured that several gentlemen in Ulster county have lately received letters (one of which is from an officer of note, dated the 4th instant) from our camp near St. John's, all which letters agree that capt. Prescot, the commanding officer at St. John's, had sent out a flag to general Montgomery, offering to surrender the fort, on being allowed to march out with the honours of war, and artillery; but that the general had returned for answer, that the possession of the ground was not his principal object, and that he could not capitulate on any terms but their surrendering as prisoners of war.

The letters also mention, that four or five hundred Canadians had joined our army, that great numbers of others were employed in providing necessaries for it, and that the people in general appeared very friendly, and ready to promote our design.

We have heard from several credible persons, that there was no truth in the report which was current last week, that colonel Allen and his party, or any of them, had been taken prisoners in Canada.

We hear from Rhode-Island, that col. Esek Hopkins, a brave and experienced officer, is arrived there at the town of Bristol, with 700 men, sent by general Washington, in order to protect the inhabitants from the piratical incursions of a captain Wallace, and other freebooters, acting under the pretended authority of a set of traitors, aiming to establish a tyrannical government on the ruins of the English constitution.

This pirate, Wallace, having presumed, in a cowardly dependence on his lawless force, to demand the property of the inhabitants, and, like other robbers, threatening them with destruction in case of refusal, which threat he inforced, by murderously and treasonably firing a number of shot against the town of Bristol, the inhabitants of which sent on board the said pirate a committee to expostulate with him on the baseness and villainy of his conduct.—In his vindication, he shewed them the orders of the more atrocious and bloody traitors under whose authority he acted, by which he was directed to fire upon, murder and destroy, every town or city where there should be the least appearance of men in arms, in order to defend their rights and liberties; and he told them that, in case there should be the least appearance of men in arms, in opposition to his illegal demands, he should certainly fire upon them. After he had, by threats, extorted from and robbed the inhabitants of as much of their property as they were, on such a sudden demand, able to produce, col. Hopkins and his forces arrived, and on being told Wallace's menace of firing on the town, in case of the appearance of men in arms, he let the people know *his* orders from the general, which were, at all events, to prevent the pirates from landing or receiving supplies from the shore; and that, instead of being intimidated from defending their property, by fear of the town being fired upon, they might be assured he would destroy the town rather than the pirates should land in or draw supplies or advantage from it.

It is probable this measure will be adopted with respect to all the sea-port towns in America, so that no more of them will experience the fate of Boston, where many thousands, relying on the faith of an inhuman villain, have long been starving to death by inches, under every circumstance of distress, and many more thousands have been cozened or plundered of their property.---But vengeance will soon overtake the wretches who have been actors in this horrid tragedy!

WILLIAMSBURG, *October 7.*

The followig address was presented to Lord Dunmore by the corporation of Norfolk, in consequence of Mr. Holt, printer of that borough, being robbed of his printing materials, and his servants carried off by order of his lordship.

Oct. 24, 1775.

To his Excellency the Right Hon. John Earl *of* Dunmore, *his Majesty's lieutenant and governor-general of the colony and dominion of Virginia, &c.*

WE his Majesty's faithful subjects, the mayor, aldermen, and common council of the borough of Norfolk, in common hall assembled, beg leave to represent to your lordship, that on this day a party of men under the command of Capt. Squire, of the Otter sloop of war, lying in the harbour, landed in the most public part of this borough, in the most daring manner, and in open violation of the peace and good order, seized on the printing utensils belonging to an inhabitant of this town, as well as the persons of two of his family.

We beg leave also to represent to your lordship, that this act is both illegal and riotous, and that, together with a musket ball fired into the town yesterday, from on board the King-Fisher, has greatly alarmed and incensed the inhabitents, and has occasioned a great number of the women and children to abandon this borough, and that, if these arbitrary proceedings pass unnoticed by your lordship, as chief magistrate of this colony, that none of the inhabitants are safe from insult and abuse. We therefore as our duty, represent this matter to your lordship, for your interposition.

We my lord, as men, and as a common hall, have ever preserved the peace of this town, and have never prevented the ships of war and others from being supplied with provisions, or any other necessaries, and have carefully avoided any other insults to any of his Majesty's servants. We had therefore hoped, that the inhabitants would never have been molested in their lawful business. We are sorry, however, to have it in our power to state this fact to your lordship; which we must, and do think a gross violation of all that men and freemen can hold dear.

Allow us to observe to your lordship, that if the inhabitants had been disposed to repel insult, that they were sufficiently able either to have cut off or taken prisoners the small party that came on shore; and this, we hope, is another proof of their peaceable intentions.

We the mayor, aldermen, and common council of the borough of Norfolk, do most earnestly entreat your lordship that the captains of the men of war may not reduce the inhabitants to the dreadful alternative of defending their persons, or tamely suffering themselves to be abused, and request, that your lordship will interpose your authority to put a final stop to such violent infringements of our rights, and to order the persons seized on by Capt. Squire, to be immediately put on shore, and the property to be replaced from whence it was taken.

To the mayor, aldermen, and common-council of the Borough of NORFOLK.

Gentlemen,

I was an eye-witness to a party belonging to the Otter sloop of war landing at the hour and place you mention, and *did* see them bring off two of the servants belonging to the printer, together with his printing utensils; and I do really think they could not have rendered the borough of Norfolk or the county adjacent to it, a more essential service than depriving them of the means of poisoning the minds of the people, and exciting in them the spirit of rebellion and sedition and by that means drawing inevitable ruin and destruction on themselves and country. As to the illegality of the act, I am afraid some of you in this very common-hall assembled, ought to blush when you use the expression; as I know you cannot but be conscious that you have, by every means in your power, totally subverted the laws and constitution, and have been the advisers and abetters in throwing off all allegiance to that majesty's crown and government to whom you profess yourselves faithful subjects. As to the musket-ball being fired on the town I do believe there is not a man in it that is not satisfied it was an accident; and such a one as, I hope, will not happen again. But with regard to your having ever preserved the peace in your town, there is a recent proof to the contrary. As to your not repelling the insult, as you call it, or taking prisoners the small party that was on shore, I impute it to some other reasons (from your drums beating to arms during the greatest part of the time that the party was on shore) than to your peaceable intentions.

As to your last requisition, I do assure you, that every means in my power shall be employed, both with the navy and army, to preserve the peace, good order, and happiness of the inhabitants of the borough of Norfolk, so long as they behave themselves as faithful subjects to his majesty. I expect, at the same time, that if any individual shall behave himself as your printer has done, by aspersing the characters of his majesty's servants, and others, in the most scurrilous, false, and scandalous manner, and by being the instigator of treason and rebellion against his Majesty's crown and government, and you do not take such steps as the law directs to restrain such offenders.——

I do then expect, you will not be surprised if the military power interposes to prevent the total dissolution of all decency, order, and good government. But I promise the printer, on my honour, if he will put himself and servants under my protection, that they shall not meet with the least insult, and they shall be permitted to print every occurrence that happens during these unhappy disputes betwixt the mother country and her colonies, he only confining himself to truth, and representing matters in a fair, candid, impartial manner on both sides.

This, I hope, will convince you that I had nothing more in view, when I requested Capt. Squires to seize the types, than that the unhappy deluded public might no longer remain in the dark concerning the present contest, but that they should be furnished with a fair representation of facts, which I know never can happen whilst the press remains under the controul of its present dictators.

DUNMORE.

NEWBERN, *North Carolina, Sept. 22.*

This week will ever be remembered as the most remarkable epocha in the annals of this country, for the discovery of the grand repository and dark depohtum of governor Martin's infernal magazine, which, with cool deliberation, he intended to deal out in missive weapons of death to the good people of this province. In the palace garden, and under a fine bed of cabbages, was discovered, or dug up, a barrel containing about three bushels of gunpowder; in the palace cellar was also dug up, two quarter casks of the same commodity, the casks quite new, and marked R. B. In the palace garden was also dug up, about 1000 weight of musket balls, lately cast, about 500 weight of iron swivel balls, a large quantity of small shot, lead, iron worms for the cannon, with sponges, rammers, artillery boxes, matches, and the whole apparatus for his park of artillery, which he would have certainly mounted at the palace, had not the appearance of the people of the town of Newbern, on his attempting to move the palace guns, driven him from the trenches before he had made them quite tenable. 'Tis said his excellency, the night before he took his precipitate flight from the palace, buried these engines of death, as they might remain in places of safety till he, or his creatures, might have an opportunity to use them. The palace cannon, 'tis said were spiked up after his excellency left the palace, by a person who no doubt will be obliged to answer for his conduct. As 'tis improbable the governor could procure these deadly weapons without assistance; the committee of this town and county are using their utmost diligence to discover the authors of so black a treachery.

Committee-chamber, Newbern, Aug. 2, 1775.

The following letter was wrote by his excellency governor Martin, to the hon. Lewis Henry De Rosset, Esq; in answer to an information giving him of his being charged with giving encouragement to the slaves to revolt from their masters. As the substance of this letter is truly alarming, his excellency therein publicly avowing the measure of arming the slaves against their masters, when every other means to preserve the king's government, should prove ineffectual, the committee have ordered the said letter to be published, as an alarm to the people of this province, against the horrid and barbarous designs of the enemies, not only to their internal peace and safety, but to their lives, liberties, properties, and every other human blessing.

SIR, *Fort Johnston, June 24, 1775.*

I BEG leave to make you my acknowledgements for your communication of the false, malicious and scandalous report, that has been propagated of me in this part of the province, of my having given encouragement to the negroes to revolt against their masters, and as I persuade myself you kindly intended thereby to give me an opportunity to refute so infamous a charge, I eagerly embrace this occasion, most solemnly to assure you, that I never conceived a thought of that nature. And I will further add my opinion, that nothing could ever justify the design falsely imputed to me, of giving encouragement to the negroes, "but the actual and declared rebellion of the king's subjects, and the failure of all other means to maintain the king's government."

Permit me therefore, sir, to request the favour of you to take the most effectual means to prevent the circulation of this most cruel slander, and to assure every body with whom you shall communicate on this subject, that so far from entertaining so horrid a design, I shall be ever ready and heartily disposed to concur in any measures "that may be consistent with prudence," to keep the negroes in order and subjection, and for the maintainance of peace and good order throughout the province.

I am,
With great respect, sir,
Your most obedient humble servant,
JO. MARTIN.

The hon. Lewis H. De Rosset, Esq;

Resolved unanimously, That his excellency governor Martin, by the whole tenor of his conduct since the unhappy differences between Great-Britain and her colonies, has manifested himself an enemy to American liberty and the rights and blessings of a free people; and that by his many wanton exertions of power as governor of this province, his hostile and dangerous letters to the ministry and general Gage, replete with falsities and misrepresentations of the true state of the province, he has proved himself to hold principles abhorrent to the rights of humanity, and justly forfeited all confidence with the people of this government.

Resolved unanimously, That notwithstanding the very great pains that have been taken by those who call themselves friends to government, and their favourable explanations of the emphatical words between turned commas in the body of the above letter, to make them speak a language different from their true import, they contain, in plain English, and in every construction of language, a justification of the design of encouraging the slaves to revolt, when every other means should fail, to preserve the king's government from open and declared rebellion. And the public avowal of a crime of so horrid and truly black a complexion could only originate in a soul lost to every sense of the feelings of humanity, and long hackneyed in the detestable and wicked purpose of subjugating these colonies to the most abject slavery.

By order,
R. COGDELL, chairman.

Committee-Chamber, Newbern, August 10.

The following letters have fallen into the hands of this committee. Their alarming tendency sufficiently apologizes for their publication. As governor Martin stands singly, as a provincial governor, in his unremitting ardor to commence hostilities against this province, are ministerial orders to him different, or his officious zeal to injure the people of his government prompted by any malevolent principle?

North-Carolina, Cape-Fear, June 23, 1775.

My dear Sir,

I TAKE the liberty to inclose herewith a letter to Mrs. Martin, whose safe arrival I am most anxious to hear, the wind having been easterly almost ever since her departure.

I shall be extremely obliged to you if you can send me, with the royal standard I mentioned to you some time ago, or without it if that is not to be had, a good tent and marquis, of the size of the colonel's tent in the army, with a tent bed to fit the boot of it, and furniture, viz. matrass, bolsters and pillows, to be sent by any vessel bound to Cape-Fear river, or in default thereof, to Newbern, directed to the care of Mr. Cornell.

I should rejoice to see a prospect of a happy termination of the deplorable times, that more or less threaten the happiness of every man throughout the British dominions.

My compliments and warmest good wishes attend you and Mrs. White, and all your family, and I am, dear Sir, ever yours,
JO. MARTIN.

The hon. Henry White, Esq.

I forbear to give you your due additions on the outside of my letter to obviate prying curiosity.

Cruizer sloop of war, Cape-Fear river, July 22, 1775.

SIR,

I HAVE received your letter of the 15th inst. by Mr. Cunningham, and highly approve your proper and spirited conduct; while I cannot sufficiently express my indignation and contempt of the proceedings of Capt. General Spencer and his unworthy confederates.

You and the other friends of government, have only to stand your ground firmly, and unite against the seditious, as they do against you, in firm assurance that you will be soon and effectually supported. I wait here to forward the purposes of the friends of government, or I would have been among you. At a proper season you may depend I shall render myself among you, and in the mean time let nothing discourage you.

The spirit of rebellion has lately received a most severe check in New-England, and I have not the least doubt that all that country is by this time entirely reduced by his Majesty's army, which, by my last advices, was carrying on its operations with the utmost vigour.

Major Knead may be assured of my attention to all his wishes at a proper time.

I beg my compliments may be presented to Colonel M'Donald, and am, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
JO. MARTIN.

Lieut. Col. James Cotton, Anson County.

ANNAPOLIS, *November* 2.

Charles town, October 26, 1775.

A moſt melancholy accident happened laſt night near this place. The dwelling-houſe, kitchen, and a ne-gro-quarter, belonging to Mrs. Key, on the place cal-led Carpenter's Point, together with almoſt all her fur-niture, were reduced to aſhes. But, what is a peculiar manner rendered the ſcene diſtreſſing, was, two women who periſhed in the flames. Mrs. M'Alwain, a young married lady from Frederick county, who, a few days before, had come to Mrs. Key's, (with whom ſhe lived when a girl) with an intention of lying in with her firſt child. The other was a white girl, who ſlept in the chamber with her, in the character of a ſervant: The roof of the houſe beginning to fall in, near to where a labouring man ſlept, was the firſt thing which gave the alarm. He with difficulty got down ſtairs and waked Mrs. Key, who, notwithſtanding the utmoſt danger of being buried in the flames, flew up to the chamber where Mrs. M'Alwain ſlept, and ſeizing her by the hand, endeavoured to waken her, begging that ſhe would come down, the houſe being all on fire. At that inſtant, the flames began to beat on the ſtair caſe, and Mrs. Key, not without being ſcorched, ruſhed down. It appears probable, that Mrs. M'Alwain never got out of her bed, although ſhe anſwered Mrs. Key, and ſaid ſhe was coming; as her remains were found the next morning in the cellar, juſt under where her bed ſtood, and the child of which ſhe was big, about half conſumed, at a little diſtance from her. By what accident, or in what manner the fire firſt broke out, is at yet wholely unknown. There is ſome reaſon to be-lieve it was done deſignedly, and ſome of Mrs. Key's own negroes, are not altogether unſuſpected.

BY THE COUNCIL OF SAFETY OF MARY-LAND, October 21, 1775.

THE COMMITTEES OF OBSERVATION are requeſt-ed to compleat their returns of the minute and militia officers, and the companies of militia formed in battalions, agreeable to the reſolves of the late conven-tion, as ſoon as may be, that the proper commiſſions may iſſue.

By order,
ELEAZER M'COMB, Clerk.

THE COUNCIL OF SAFETY deſirous of forward-ing the intentions of the convention in promoting the manufacture of ſalt, ſalt-petre, gunpowder, and fire-arms, requeſt any perſons who are inclined to engage on liberal encouragement in the manufacture of fire-arms, or to erect a powder-mill in the neighbourhood of Baltimore-town, where it will be moſt beneficial, or ſalt, or ſalt-petre works, that they will ſend their propoſals in writing to Gabriel Duvall, clerk of the council of ſafety, and they ſhall be attended to and ſpeedily anſwered. tf

Anne-Arundel county, October 25, 1775.

A MEETING of the COMMITTEE of OBSER-VATION for this county is deſired at the houſe of Mr. John Ball in the city of Annapolis, on Friday the third of November next. As the meeting is called on buſineſs of general concern to the county, it is expected that the members will attend.

THE ſubſcriber propoſes to remove with his family ſome time in the month of December, from the plantation he now lives on in Calvert county, on Bat-tle creek; requeſts all perſons who have any claims againſt him in the aboveſaid county, to bring them in, that they may be adjuſted and paid; and all per-ſons who are indebted to me, on bond, note, or open account, for dealings, ſince my reſidence here, are re-queſted to ſettle their reſpective balances as ſoon as poſſible. I have for ſale, a parcel of cattle, conſiſting of cows and calves, heifers, ſteers and yearlings, alſo ſome horſes, mares, colts, and ſome ſheep and hogs, a ſeine and ropes, a large canoe, and a fine well built boat, about 16 feet in the keel, all which arti-cles I will diſpoſe of on every reaſonable terms, for caſh, and may be treated with at any time for the ſame, between this and the laſt of December next.

4 w GEORGE WHEELER.

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

A TRACT of good land, ſituated on Patowmack river—between George-town and Port Tobacco, conſiſting of 500 to 1000 acres—healthy and having good ſpring water convenient. Any perſon having ſuch a tract to diſpoſe off, may hear of a purchaſer, by applying to the printer, or Thomas Lendrum in Annapolis. 6 w

Maryland, Talbot-county, October 23, 1775.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away on the night of the 21ſt inſtant, two convicts, viz. William Manly, a well made fel-low, about 25 or 30 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a ſurly countenance, is a labourer, and un-derſtands ſomething of horſes: had on when he went away, a ſhort blue coat about half worn, and either a ſpotted jean, or brown cloth jacket, flannel drawers, ſtrong home-made gray yarn ſtockings, and good ſtrong Engliſh made ſhoes; he is an active fellow, and will probably change his name and forge a paſs; he ſpeaks the Lancaſhire or north of England dialect.

Anne Wilſon, who calls herſelf the ſaid Manly's wife, a middle ſized thin looking woman, about 40 or 45 years of age, is in a tolerable good dreſs, handy at doing houſe-work, and ſpeaks the ſame dialect as Manly.

Whoever takes up and ſecures the above convicts, ſo that I get them again, ſhall receive if taken in this province, 40 ſhillings for the man, and 20 ſhillings for the woman; if taken out of this province, 3 pounds for the man, and two pounds for the woman. It is ſuppoſed they will make down the bay, as they took with them a new canoe, a frying pan, a copper tea-kettle, ſeveral Iriſh linen ſhirts, provi-ſions, &c.

If they are took up and put in jail, a letter directed to the ſubſcriber, will be duly attended to. w 3

JAMES BRADDOCK.

Calvert county, October 4th, 1775.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, the 20th inſtant, a negro man, named Levin, about 28 years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, his head has lately been ſhaved on the top; had on and took with him, a gray half-thick coat lined with oſnabrigs, with metal but-tons, a white country cloth ditto without buttons, country cloth breeches, and a pair of tolerable good ſhoes and ſtockings. I will give one guinea for ap-prehending and ſecuring him in any jail.

W. SMITH.

Annapolis, October 23, 1775.

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

TAKEN away, or borrowed from off the paling at the bottom of the garden, on Monday night laſt, or early on Tueſday morning, an old ſeine net, about thirty fathom long, which had been left hanging there for ſome days by the ſervants and ne-groes, to whom it had been lent, who are reſponſible for it. The above ſeine is well known to moſt of the fiſhermen about Annapolis, and elſewhere, is remark-able in being made of very ſtrong double twine, now much worn, and mended in many places, and has had a cod added ſometime ago, made with different twine. If any perſon will give information thereof to Mr. Smith, at the governor's, ſo that it may be had again, ſhall have the above reward.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

SOME evil diſpoſed perſon on Tueſday night laſt, broke open the governor's ſtable in the folly, and let out his gray ſtallion; which might, though fortunately was not, have been attended with great loſs, and that to him. Any perſon diſcovering the perpetrator thereof, ſo that he may be convicted, ſhall receive three pounds—and notice is hereby given, that care may be taken in future, as any further at-tempts of this ſort, will perhaps be attended with diſ-agreeable conſequences.

R. SMITH.

St. Mary's county.

To be ſold at public ſale at Leonard-town, on Tueſ-day the 14th day of November next, for ready caſh, the following negroes, part of the eſtate of the late John Black, deceaſed,

A WENCH 35 years of age, and her three chil-dren, the eldeſt a boy about 13 years old, very well grown; the other two girls, one 6 years old, and the other 3, and a large likely fellow middle aged, by

SUSANNA BLACK, executrix.

N. B. All perſons that have any juſt claims againſt the ſaid John Black's eſtate, are deſired to bring them in legally proved, as they may be diſcharged, and like-wiſe thoſe indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make payment. R. B.

Annapolis, October 24, 1775.

CHARLES [illegible]COB, watch-maker, who was late in partnerſhip with A. Claude, has juſt opened a ſhop next door to John C. Lindſey's tavern, and ſuccee-ded the late R. [illegible]ſelin, in Weſt-ſtreet, where he begs his former cuſtomers in town and country will favour him with their cuſtom, which he will endeavour to merit by a conſtant application to his buſineſs.

N. B. All orders from the country ſhall be ſtrictly obſerved, and all work ſent home as ſoon as done by the return of the poſt.

July [illegible]775.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away laſt night from the ſubſcriber, living near the Northampton iron-works, Baltimore county, Maryland, a convict ſervant man, an Engliſhman, named Thomas Hardy, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, gray eyes, ſhort gray hair, about 30 years old, limps in his walk; he has a ſmall hole in one of his lips, loſt moſt of his teeth, talks in the north country dialect; had on and took with him, a white country cloth jacket, country tow linen trouſers, good Engliſh ſhoes, two oſnabrig ſhirts, old felt hat; he may have other clothes. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant and ſecures him, ſo as his maſter gets him again, ſhall have 20 ſhillings if 10 miles from home, 30 ſhillings if 20 miles, 40 ſhillings if 30 miles, 3 pounds if 50 miles, and the above reward if one hundred miles from home, and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by,

8 w JOHN ROBERT HOLLIDAY.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcribers, a valuable tract of land, lying in Frederick county, about 16 miles from George-town, containing 300 acres, about 100 acres cleared and under good fence; poſſeſſion will be given the purchaſer the firſt of September next. Any perſon deſirous to purchaſe, may ſee the land by ap-plying to Mr. Simon Nickolls, near the premiſes.

tf DANIEL CRAWFORD,
WILLIAM BAKINS, jun.

October 4, 1775.

By virtue of a deed of truſt, to us the ſubſcribers, ex-ecuted by Mr. Jonathan Pinkney, and for the uſe of Mr. William Roberts, will be publicly ſold to the higheſt bidder, for ſterling money,

A LOT of land lying in the city of Annapolis, diſtinguiſhed by the number 71, on which are a brick dwelling-houſe and other improvements, lately in the occupation of Mr. John Ball, innholder; this lot is ſubject to an incumbrance in the loan-office of £225 ſterling, and ſome intereſt; this money muſt be paid out of the purchaſe, and the reſidue to the uſe of William Roberts, by the truſtees: this valuable lot, and the improvements, will be ſold to the higheſt bid-der, on Saturday the 4th day of November next, at 11 o'clock, in the forenoon. Six months cre-dit will be given to the purchaſer, on giving bond and good ſecurity, with lawful intereſt thereon. Likewiſe will be publicly ſold to the higheſt bidder, on Tueſday the 21ſt day of the ſame month, (for ſterling money)

A VALUABLE plantation on the north ſide of Se-vern river, in Anne-Arundel county, contain-ing by eſtimate 400 acres more or leſs, with ſome im-provements; it lies about ſeven miles from the city of Annapolis, and now in the tenure and occupation of Mr. Jonathan Pinkney. Six months will be given for payment, on giving bond with good ſecurity, and paying lawful intereſt thereon.

THOMAS HAKWOOD, jun.
JOHN SULLEN.

Baltimore county, Patapſco Neck, April 3, 1775.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

For apprehending a Runaway,

JAMES, a mulatto ſlave, ſometimes known by the name of Vulcan, but commonly anſwers to the name of Buck, took an abrupt leave of his overſeer laſt Wedneſday, and has not yet returned; he is a dark mulatto, about 5 feet 9 inches high, ſtrong made, ſenſible, artful, and deceptive in converſation, firm and daring in his efforts to perpetrate villainy, ſour of mild temper, and plauſible in ſpeech; he has fre-quently travelled through a conſiderable part of this and ſome part of the province of Pennſylvania; is well known, it is ſuppoſed, in the borough and coun-ty of Lancaſter, and is acquainted with Philadelphia; may probably therefore re-viſit thoſe places. His working cloaths were a home manufactured long cloth waiſtcoat with ſleeves, and breeches, yarn ſtockings, oſnabrig ſhirt, and good ſhoes, nailed with hobs; he is poſſeſſed of and has taken with him a blue German ſerge coat, a green broad cloth veſt, two pair of cot-ton and one pair of thread ſtockings, two white ſhirts ruffled at the breaſt, a good caſtor hat with hand and buckle, a pair of good pumps, with a pair of double rimmed ſilver buckles. He has a mark of diſtinction, which from modeſty, or ſome other motive, he is care-ful to conceal; one of his ears (but which is forgot) is remarkably leſs than the other. The above reward will be paid if he ſhould be taken up out of the pro-vince, or 60 miles from Baltimore town in the pro-vince, and brought home; five pounds if at the diſ-tance of 40 miles, three pounds if 30, and forty ſhil-lings if 20 miles, with reaſonable travelling expences, including the legal charge under the act of aſſembly, by tf 12 THOMAS JONES.

To be ſold on the premiſes, on the 14th day of No-vember next, agreeable to the laſt will and teſta-ment of Thomas Belt the 3d, late of Anne-Arun-del county, deceaſed, and to be conveyed by the heir at law,

A VALUABLE tract of land, containing about two hundred and ninety acres, ſituated on the river Patuxent, and about half a mile from the ferry Mount Pleaſant; the ſoil is light, and noted for very fine tobacco, there are two dwelling houſes, one to-bacco-houſe, and a corn-houſe, all new, with other convenient out-houſes, beſides an exceeding fine wa-ter mill that carries two pair of ſtones, one of which coſt between ſeventy and eighty pounds common mo-ney, her works are new and compleat, with many other conveniencies too tedious to mention.

There will be ſold on the ſame day, a parcel of ne-groes, conſiſting of one fellow, two wenches, and four children; likewiſe three white ſervants, one of which is a good carpenter, one other a miller, and the other one a boy that underſtands ſhaving and dreſſing of hair. There will be likewiſe for ſale, a parcel of horſes, hogs, cattle, ſheep, and houſhold furniture, with many other articles by tf

WILLIAM BELT, and
THOMAS HARWOOD, } admrs.

N. B. Bonds will be taken with ſecurity for ſums more than five pounds, for leſs the money muſt be paid down.

THE ſubſcriber hereby informs the public in gene-ral, and in particular her kind cuſtomers, that ſhe has got her fulling-mill in compleat order, where all gentlemen and others may depend on having their work done in the beſt manner, by applying to their moſt obedient humble ſervant, w 3

CASSANDRA BOCKER.

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber about the middle of June laſt, in Patowmack river, a little above the mouth of St. Mary's river, a ſhip's yaul, 25 feet keel, 8 feet 9 ½ inch beam, clincher built, white bottom, the two upper ſtreaks painted of a dove colour, with white ſtripes along them—the inſide painted all red, a ring-bolt in the head and ſtern, and one on each ſide the middle beam or hat—there are places to row five oars—were in her when taken up, a braſs com-paſs, two maſts with ſprit-ſails, two oars, an iron chain, ſome ſailors were ſeen to leave the day ſhe was taken up. The owner may have her again, on pro-ving his property, and paying charges, by applying to Mr. Uriah Forreſt, at Leonard town, St. Mary's county. 4 w JOHN BUDD.

THERE is at the plantation of Samuel Weiſs, living in the upper part of Anne-Arundel county, a bright bay mare, with a ſtar in her forehead, about 13 ½ hands high, appears to be about 5 years old, branded on the near buttock thus 8, trots and gal-lops well, and goes a ſhuffling kind of pace. The owner may have her again, on proving their pro-perty, and paying charges.

JUSTUS SEABERT,

Peruke-maker, and gentlemen and ladies hair-dreſſer,

BEGS leave to inform thoſe gentlemen and ladies that pleaſe to honour him with their commands, that he has taken the houſe formerly poſſeſſed by Mr. John Hepburn, upon Cornhill, where he carries on his ſaid trade in all its various branches, viz. cutting of hair in the neateſt manner, and making perukes, ladies hair rolls, curls, &c. after the neweſt taſte, and in the genteeleſt faſhion; and as he has had many years experience both at Paris and London, he doubts not but to give full ſatisfaction to thoſe that pleaſe to employ him, and he hopes to meet with the favour and approbation of the public, as he is determined to ex-ecute all orders in the neateſt manner, upon the moſt reaſonable terms, and with the ſtricteſt punctuality. tf

SIX DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away laſt night from the ſubſcriber, living at Chriſtiana Bridge, Newcaſtle county, an Eng-liſh ſervant man, named James Blight Cooper, by trade a rope-maker, about 5 feet 6 inches high, 25 years of age, red full ſmooth face, brown complexion, wears his own hair, and a good ſcholar: had on when he went away, a blue coat, ſpotted ſwanſkin jacket, tow trouſers, old hat, and it is likely he will go to Annapolis and apply to be a clerk, or a ſchoolmaſter. Whoever ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſon-able charges, paid by me, w 3

ROBERT SHIELDS.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

WENT off from North point the 12th of September, in a small battoe, two English servant men, viz. John Irvin, a farmer, and has been used to fishing, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, has a round full visage, swarthy complexion, short black hair and beard, dark grey eyes, the lids hang over the joint of his nose, occasioned by the small-pox he says, with which he is much pitted, has a scar on his upper lip as if it had been split, another scar on the knuckle of his left fore finger, a thick square made fellow, has small legs, and a lump on the inside of his right foot proceeding from the kick of a horse: had on a country cloth jacket with a black stripe across the back, an old white under ditto, osnabrig shirt and trousers, a pair of good shoes, and a felt hat.

William Jones, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has a brown complexion, grey eyes, round visage, a down shameful look, and carries his head on one side to the left: had on an under spotted jacket, osnabrig shirts and trousers, a pair of new shoes, and a felt hat. Whoever takes up the said servants, and secures them so that their master gets them again, shall have 30 shillings for each if 20 miles from home 50 shillings if 50 miles, and 5 pounds if 100 miles, including what the law allows, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by 4 w

3 CHARLES RIDGELY.

Annapolis, September 1775.

RAN away last night from the subscriber, the two following servant men, viz. Caleb Hays, born in the West of England, a sawyer by trade, short reddish coloured hair, of a fair complexion, about 5 feet 9 inches high, and has an impediment in his speech: had on when he went away, an osnabrig shirt, short flannel jacket, and striped linen trousers, the said Caleb is a likely well-looking fellow. John Lester, an Irishman, he is a short thick squat fellow, of a dark complexion, short black hair: had on when he went away, an osnabrig frock, shirt and trousers, he may perhaps attempt to pass for a sailor, as he has been accustomed to go in the bay craft. Whoever takes up and secures the said servants in any jail within this province, shall receive 30 shillings reward for each, besides what the law allows; and if taken up out of the province, 50 shillings for each, or either of them.

4 X JONATHAN PINKNEY.

THERE is at the plantation of Walter Dallis, living in Back River Neck, about 10 miles from Baltimore town, taken up as a stray, a bay horse colt, about one year old last spring, with a blaze in his face, and one sorrel mare colt, about one year old last spring, has a blaze in her face. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay charges, and take them away. 3 X w 3

FIFTEEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away last night from the subscribers, living in Baltimore county, Maryland, near Mr. Robert Cumming's mill, three convict servant men, viz. Thomas Akister, a Yorkshireman, talks very broad, and slow spoken, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, pretty stout made, has a scar on his upper lip, and is pock-marked; took with him when he went away, an old felt hat, a small swanskin jacket with sleeves, and a larger outside ditto of brown fulled cloth, three osnabrig shirts, two pair of old trousers, one of roll the other osnabrigs, and a pair of old shoes with strings.

Harper John Bumstead, an Englishman, quick spoken, about 5 feet 11 inches high, a stout boney man, of a sandy complexion, pock-marked, [illegible] mouth, and thick lips; took with him when he went away, an old castor hat, old surtout coat and red jacket, two shirts, one of white linen, the other of brown, a pair of blue cloth breeches, several pair of old worsted stockings, a pair of old shoes with nails in the heels, and white mettle pewter buckles.

Henry Cook, an Englishman, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, middling thin visage, smooth face; took with him when he went away, an old felt hat tarred and bound round the edge, one check and one osnabrig shirt, a Russia linen frock much tarred, a pair of Russia linen trousers much tarred, a pair coarse country linen ditto, and a pair of old shoes with large brass buckles. It is supposed they took with them two striped duffil blankets. It is probable they will change their cloaths, alter their names, and will forge passes, and may have gone off by water. Whoever takes up said servants, and secures them so as their masters may get them again, shall receive if taken up in this county 40 shillings for each, if taken out of the county, and in the province, three pounds for each, and if out of the province, the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

9 X BENJAMIN MERRYMAN,
JOHN ORRICK.

Annapolis, October 11, 1775.

WANTED a quantity of bees wax, and black snake root; apply to 4 w

KENNEDY and WALLACE.

TO BE SOLD,

For Current Money,

A LIKELY NEGRO BOY,

About Thirteen Years of Age.

6 Enquire of the [illegible]

STRAYED about three weeks ago from the subscriber, a large red cow, about 8 years old, she was lately purchased from a person who brought her from the back woods, where it is supposed she will endeavour to make; she has a white streak from the ridge of her back to her tail, and some white in her face—I will give 20 shillings currency to any person that will deliver her in Annapolis.

13 J. CLAPHAM.

To be rented for any term of years, not exceeding fourteen, and entered upon next November,

THE houses and ferry opposite to Alexandria, either with or without an adjoining improved plantation; the land whereof is, in general good, with a large quantity of valuable meadow ground. This being a place much frequented, and likely to become daily more so with the rising importance of Alexandria, renders it peculiarly fit either for a tavern, or a place of trade, or both. The buildings now upon it, excepting one new house intended for a kitchen, are but indifferent; it is, therefore, proposed, that the tenant shall erect such as he may judge necessary, for which a proper abatement will be made in the rent. For terms, apply to the Rev. Mr. Jonathan Boucher, or Mr. John Addison near the premises. tf

19 X

THE partnership of James Dick and Stewart being expired, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make what payments they possibly can. Persons indebted by open account, and who cannot conveniently pay, are desired to settle by granting their bonds or notes for their several balances; such a reasonable request, it is hoped will be complied with, that the subscribers may not be under the disagreeable necessity of making application to have suits brought. Constant attendance will be given at the store, by James Dick and Stewart.

The goods remaining in the late store of James Dick, and Stewart, will be sold on reasonable terms, wholesale or retail by the subscribers. Also all sorts of cordage manufactured at Newington rope-walk, likewise Madeira wine, by the pipe, hhd. or quarter cask.

10 JAMES DICK.

STRAYED from Poplar-hill, the seat of Robert Darnall, Esq; in Prince George's county, on the 10th of August, a dark chesnut horse, 9 years old, about 14 hands high, he is a strong boney horse, has a blaze in his face, paces, trots, and gallops, and has a brand on his near buttock resembling a T. Whoever will return him to Mr. Darnall, or the subscriber in Annapolis, may receive a guinea reward.

7 JAMES MURRAY.

Annapolis, October 20, 1775.

COMMITTED to my custody as runaways, the four following persons, viz. Richard Purcell, alias Pursley, who says he belongs to Jabed Irwin, of Bucks county, Pennsylvania, and who answers the description of an advertisement of the said Irwin, in the Pennsylvania Chronicle, of the 19th of July last.

Thomas Barker, a short well [illegible] man, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, of a [illegible] complexion, hath long black hair and black eyes; [illegible] on a blue cloth coat, osnabrig trousers, and says he is a deserter from general Gage's army.

Thomas Sinton, who says he belongs to Gilbert Smith, in the lower part of Anne Arundel county.

Likewise Michael Cunningham, an Irishman, who appears to be a sea-faring man, and says he is known to be a free-man by capt. Stone of Baltimore-town, he is about 5 feet 10 inches high, stout made, and of a brown complexion; hath on a white kersey jacket, osnabrig trousers, old shoes and stockings. Their masters are desired to take them away, and pay charges to [illegible] 4 w 2 WILLIAM NOKE, sheriff.

Annapolis, August 23, 1775.

WANTED immediately, a number of hands who are acquainted in the different branches of the manufacture of fire arms—good wages and encouragement will be given to such as have been used to work in any branch, according to their proficiency and industry, either by the piece or time.—As good locksmiths, or other near hands, will be soon handy in making several parts of gun-locks, to such also I will give good encouragement.—There are many servants about the country who would be very useful in the necessary business I am now engaging in; I should be glad to be informed of such, and wish to hire them, or purchase their times of service of their masters.

IS[illegible]C HARRIS.

N. B. I want to hire a good file-cut[illegible].

Prince George's county, May 24, 1775.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the subscriber, either by bond, note, or open account, to immediately come and settle their respective debts, as I am determined to give no longer indulgences.—I hope this requisition will be adverted to, otherwise I shall take compulsory methods to enforce payment, without any respect to persons.

[illegible] DUVALL.

To be sold on the premises, at public vendue, agreeable to the last will and testament of Thomas Stockett, deceased, on Monday the 29th day of November, 1775, if fair, if not, the next fair day, for good London bills of exchange, sterling, or current money,

A VALUABLE tract of land, containing 200 acres, (under the incumbrance of the widow's thirds) suitable for corn, tobacco, or small grain; a good dwelling-house with brick gable-ends, kitchen, quarter, meat-house, corn house, two tobacco-houses, and several other necessary out houses, a large young apple orchard, consisting of a great variety of good fruit. Also sundry healthy strong country born negroes, consisting of men, women, and children, with stock of all kinds, and all sorts of household furniture, &c.

5 w THO. NOBLE STOCKETT, executor.

N. B. All persons indebted to the above estate, are desired to make immediate payment, and all having claims against said estate, are desired to bring them in legally proved. T. N. S.

5

To be lett

THE dwelling-house &c. we[illegible] I now reside.

tf 20 JAMES TILGHMAN, Annapolis.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in the lower part of Prince George's county, on the 17th day of July last, a negro man, named Ireland, born in the West-Indies, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, slender made, one of the fore teeth in his upper jaw beat out about 18 months ago, and now in the same place another one growing, on the right side of his neck and immediately under his jaw, there is some scars which he said was occasioned by some distemper he had in that part, has had the small pox and a little pitted, a smild fair spoken man, not impertinent, but very drunken: had on and took away with him, an old kendal cotton jacket, one pair of petticoat trousers of rolls, one pair of old white fustian breeches, one new shirt of rolls, one old white shirt, and one Monmouth cap. Whoever secures the said negro, so that I can get him again, shall receive 20 shillings more than what is allowed by law.

All masters of ships, and other vessels, are forbid taking him off at their peril.

7 JOHN BAPTIST BOSWELL.

Baltimore-county, August 18, 1775.

To be sold at public vendue, on the 20th day of November next, on the premises,

THE late dwelling plantation of William Black, deceased, containing 224 acres of land, with meadows, and good improvements thereon, lying within 12 miles of Baltimore-town; also all the stock of cattle, horses, hogs, and sheep, household goods, &c.

ts 16 ROBERT BLACK, executor.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY neat light chariot and harness for two horses; enquire of Mr. Brown's, in Annapolis. tf

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Daniel Matzler, and Elizabeth his wife, and Elizabeth M'Manus—Against—Thomas Williams, and Elizabeth his wife; which said Elizabeth is devisee of Christopher Wilkinson, late of Queen-Anne's county, deceased,

IN CHANCERY.

WHEREAS the said Daniel Matzler, and Elizabeth his wife, and Elizabeth M'Manus, have filed their bill in this court against the said devisee and administrators of the said Christopher Wilkinson, to compel them to reconvey and release certain lands therein mentioned, to the complainants which were heretofore mortgaged by them to the said Christopher Wilkinson, they the said complainants paying the principal and interest due on the said mortgage. This is therefore to give notice, that unless the said Thomas Williams, and Elizabeth his wife, do and shall appear to the said bill within six months from the date hereof, and shew cause to the contrary, a final order and decree will pass, and be given by the said court of chancery in the case aforesaid. 6 m

Signed per order.

GEO. RANKEN, regist.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

WENT away the first instant from the subscriber, living near Lower-Marlborough, in Calvert county, an English servant man, named Daniel Slude, about 5 feet [illegible] inches high, well made, about 46 years of age, brown complexion, his hair very lately been cut off, and the back of his head sore, his thumb and middle finger of his left hand fresh cut, has a sore heel which occasions him to limp at times, shews his teeth much when he talks, and has the North country dialect, by trade a sawyer, though pretends to be a gardener and weaver: had on and took with him two osnabrig or Russia sheeting shirts, two pair of osnabrig trousers, a pair of white serge breeches with metal buttons, a new grey fearnought jacket with black horn buttons, a swanskin jacket with black buttons and bound with black ferret, an old castor hat, a pair of double soaled shoes double nailed—I understand he intends to change his name, and said he never would own he was a servant, that he intended to travel of nights to make his escape more secure, and that he intended to Boston to general Gage, who he understood would protect all servants who came to him. Whoever takes up said servant and secures him so that I get him again, shall have the above reward, including what the law allows, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by tf WILLIAM ALLEN.

April 10, 1775.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Kent county, Maryland, the 4th of this instant, two Irish indented servants, each of which has about three years to serve, viz.

FRANCIS [illegible] years of age, a very stout well made fellow, about five feet ten inches high, very full faced, short dark hair; had on and took with him, a good brown broad cloth coat, and black velvet jacket and breeches, and a pair of black everlasting breeches, with yellow metal buttons, an old blue coat with new large sleeves, shirts, shoes and stockings; his calling a ditcher or brickmaker.

JOHN DELANY, about 26 years of age, five feet eight inches high, well made, fair skin, ruddy complection, short brown hair; had on and took with him, a green jacket made sailor fashion, a purple under jacket, a white shirt, one or two check shirts, much worn, a new felt hat, a black silk handkerchief round his neck, a pair of white kersey breeches, and a pair of blue serge breeches, one pair of Scotch Kilmarnock, and one pair of Kendall ribbed hose mixed black and white, a pair of half worn shoes, and square metal buckles, he writes a good hand, and they have been in different parts of Pennsylvania. Whoever takes up the aforesaid servants, and secures them so that the subscriber may have them again, shall receive ten pounds reward, if taken out of the province, if in the province, six pounds, or half the above reward for either, by 22 RICHARD GRAVES.

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